

# Algebraic Geometry Mid Term

February 27 2026

This exam is of **30 marks** and is **3 hours long**. Please **read all the questions carefully**. Please feel free to use whatever theorems you have learned in class after stating them clearly.

1. Let  $f \in k[X, Y]$  be a polynomial of some degree  $N$ .

$$f = a + bX + cY + dX^2 + eXY + fY^2 + gX^3 + \cdots +$$

and let  $C = V(f)$  in  $\mathbb{A}_k^2$ . Write down conditions under which

1.  $P = (0, 0) \in C$  (1)
2. The tangent line to  $C$  at  $P$  is  $y = 0$ . (2)
3.  $P$  is an inflection point of  $C$  with  $y = 0$  as the tangent line (2)
4.  $P$  is a singular point of  $C$ . (2)

2. Let  $k$  be any field.

- Prove that any algebraic set in  $\mathbb{A}_k^1$  is either the whole of  $\mathbb{A}_k^1$  or a finite set of points. (2)
- Let  $f$  and  $g$  be irreducible elements of  $k[X, Y]$  such that  $f$  and  $g$  are not multiples of each other. Prove that  $V(f, g)$  is finite. (3)
- Prove that any proper algebraic subset of  $\mathbb{A}_k^2$  is a finite union of points and curves. (2)

3. Let  $C : Y^3 = X^4 + X^3 \subset \mathbb{A}^2$ .

- Show that  $(X, Y) \mapsto X/Y$  defines a rational map  $\phi : C \dashrightarrow \mathbb{P}^1$  and its inverse is a polynomial  $\psi : \mathbb{A}^1 \rightarrow C$ . (2)

- Show that  $\psi$  restricts to an isomorphism (2)

$$\mathbb{A}^1 - \{3 \text{ points}\} \simeq C - \{(0, 0)\}$$

- Are these two curves birational? (1)

4. Recall that the *Segre embedding* is the map

$$\sigma_{m,n} : \mathbb{P}^n \times \mathbb{P}^m \longrightarrow S_{n,m} \subset \mathbb{P}^{(m+1)(n+1)-1}$$

obtained by sending  $X_i, Y_j \mapsto X_i Y_j$

- Show that the image of  $\sigma_{1,1}$  is the Quadric surface

$$S_{1,1} = Q : V(X_0 X_3 - X_1 X_2) \subset \mathbb{P}^2 \quad (2)$$

- Show that you can find disjoint lines in  $Q$  and they have infinitely many lines in  $Q$  transversal to them. (2)

- Use that to show that  $\mathbb{P}^1 \times \mathbb{P}^1$  is not isomorphic to  $\mathbb{P}^2$ . (2)

5. Let  $C_n$  be the curve

$$C_n : Y^2 - X^{2n} = 0$$

- Show that by the process of blowing up the point  $(0, 0)$  the strict transform is isomorphic to  $C_{n-1}$ . (4)

- Show that the singularity can be resolved after a sequence of  $n$  blowups. (1)